## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





## CONSUMER TIPS >

HOW TO CHOOSE GOOD QUALITY GREENS (Information from Agricultural Marketing Service)

1. Best quality - fresh, young, green, crisp, tender.

2. Low Quality - (too much waste) poorly developed leaves,

insect injury, excessive dirt, coarse stems, dry or yellowish leaves, slimy rot, plants with seed stems. Flabby and wilted plants indicate age or damage.

<u>BEET TOPS</u> - avoid old coarse leaves with heavy veins and ribs. Also slimy rot.

CHARD - avoid stalks that are wilted or flabby,
MAY 1 2 1941

(over)

discolored; yellow leaves.

<u>CHICORY, ENDIVE, ESCAROLE</u> - examine wilted plants for decay--appears as browning of leaves or slimy rot.

Avoid tough and coarse leaved plants.

<u>COLLARDS</u> - avoid wilted or yellow leaves; look for worm injury (holes in leaves).

<u>KALE</u> - should be dark- or bluish-green. Some with brown-ish appearance - does not affect taste. Avoid wilted or yellow leaves.

<u>MUSTARD</u> - should be good green color. Avoid wilted, dirty, discolored leaves; also plants with seed stems.

<u>SPINACH</u> - avoid straggly or overgrown stalky plants; bruised or crushed leaves; yellow leaves, seed stems, coarse leaves; slimy rot.

CONSUMERS' COUNSEL DIVISION

CT-31

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D.-C.